Greek New Testaments in the West

1516	Erasmus
1550	Stephanus
1565	Beza
1611	KJV
1633	Elzevir 2nd Edition
1633	Elziver
1707	Mill
1740	Edingburh
1742	Oxford
1825	Oxford
1828	Lloyd - Based on 1550 Stephanus
1830	Reprint of 1707
1854	Tregelles
1860	Scrivener
1869	Tischendorf
1873	Oxford, Reprint of 1828
1881	Scrivener
1881	Westcott & Hort
1883	Scrivener
1884	Scrivener
1886	Scrivener
1889	Lloyd
1890	Scrivener
1894	Scrivener
1897	George Ricker Berry

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Patriarchs in Constantinople

1. Bartholomew	22.10.1991
2. Dimitrios	1972-1991
3. Athenagoras	1948-1972
4. Maximos V	1946-1948
5. Benjamin	1936-1946
6. Photios II	1929-1935
7. Basil III	1925-1929
8. Constantine VI	1924-1925
9. Gregory VII	1923-1924
10. Meletius IV	1921-1923
11. Germanos V	1913-1918
12. Joachim III (2nd time)	1901-1912
13. Constantine V	1897-1901
14. Anthimos VII *	1895-1897
15. Neophytos VIII *	1891-1894
16. Dionysios V *	1887-1891
17. Joachim IV *	1884-1886
18. Joachim III (1st time)	1878-1884
19. Joachim II (2nd time)	1873-1878
20. Anthimos VI (3rd time)	1871-1873
21. Gregory VI (2nd time)	1867-1871
22. Sophronios III	1863-1866

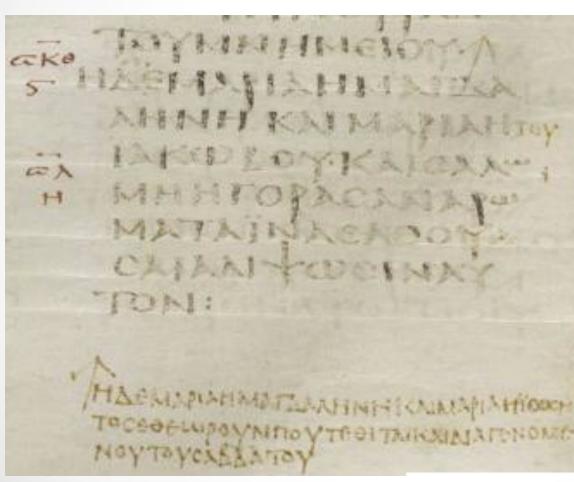
1633 1633 1707 1740	KJV Elzevir 2nd Edition Elziver Mill Edinburgh		O S TO S				200
1742	Oxford	<u>S</u>	<u>Sophronios III</u>		(A)		
1825	Oxford	1802	Birth				
1828	Lloyd				Constantine V		
1830	Reprint of 1707	1839	Met. Of Chios	1833	Birth		
1854	Tregelles	1855	Met. Of Amassia	1852-1857	Chalke Th. School		Prof. Bassilios Antoniades
1860	Scrivener	1863-1866	Ecumenical Patriarch	1859-1862	Athens Univ.	1851	Birth
				1868-1870	Strasburg		
				1871-1872	Switzerland - Heidelberg		
1869	Tischendorf	1870-1899	Patriarch of Alexandria	1864	Deacon		
1873	Oxford			1874	Priest		Leipzing Dr. in Philosophy
				1876	Met. Mytiline		
1881	Scrivener					1978	Chalke Th. School
1881	Westcott & Hort					1879	Goettingen - Heidelberg - Paris
							Leipzing - Dr. in Philosophy
1883	Scrivener						Moscow - Dr. in Theology
1884	Scrivener					1890	Prof. in Chalke
1886	Scrivener						
1889	Lloyd					1896	On the Philological Value of the New Testament
1890	Scrivener					1897	Holy History of the Old & New Testament
1894	Scrivener			1893	Met. Ephesus		
1897	George Ricker Berry			1897-1901	Ecumenical Patriarch	1898	Synodal Epitropia to recover the Text of the NT
		1899	Death				
				1904	Patriarchal NT	1904	Patriarchal NT
			_			1909	History on Philosophy
				1912	2nd Ed. Of Patriarchal NT	1912	2nd Ed. Of Patriarchal NT
				1914	Death	1922	On Reforms
							Athens
						1932	Death
0	ntonnial of	ho soco	nd edition of			1937	Introduction to the Bible

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9/12/12 • 3

Text using MSS

Codex Sinaiticus



η δε μαρια η μαγδα

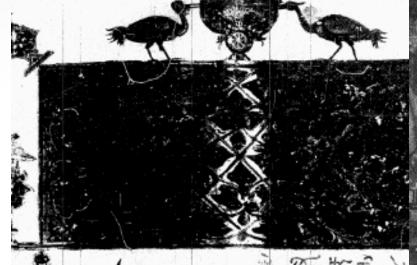
ληνη και μαρια η ϊακωβου · και cαλω μη ηγοραςαν αρω ματα ϊνα ελθου cαι αλιψωςιν αυ τον :

η δε μαρια η μαγδαληνη και μαρια η ϊωςη τος εθεωρουν που τεθιται και διαγενομε νου του ςαββατου

stones which the builders rejected



LEDUSTON TO KON XONGIO



AHENIOHKAG

A hopen a gin Kan Xashicania Sianton Aphae. Loh An + mahae. And An to mas or Kan Aa hho Xo, Hin associan ah. Hin associan ah. Hospician ah. antegrand antegrand antegrand kantegrand kantegran



O TOCHY GUAD XH TIE

& goy Go · Kall XOO PIC

Kalser

XHKTOU

Antoniades' Textual Choices for composing the text of Gospels

- ** Theological School of Chalke, 1, 3a, 47 of the Monastery and 1, 2 β
- ** Commerce School of Chalke †167, 168β, 170, 171, 172, 173
- ** Dependency of Monastery of Holy Sepulchre in C/ple 11, 272, 649
- ** St. George by the Gate of Adrianople, two,
 † only for Sundays (ἀτελές <u>not</u> incomplete),
 the other complete (**from the MSS of the Church of the Holy Wisdom**)

β Byzantine type, † kept in sacristies, ** those collated in the preparation of the text

Antoniades, §9

...among the <u>later</u> (MSS) there are some no less esteemed and venerable than many of the earlier, since they are taken from earlier copies, particularly the Theological School 9, date 1688, but preserving certain peculiarities of the more ancient copies, among other features the omission of I John 5:7,8, of the three witness in heaven. ...

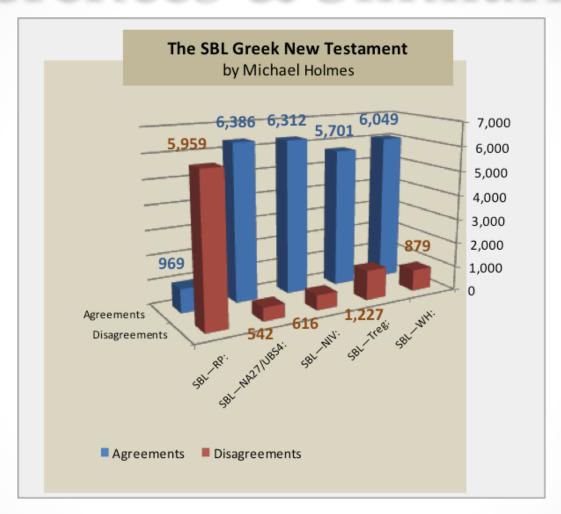
Variances

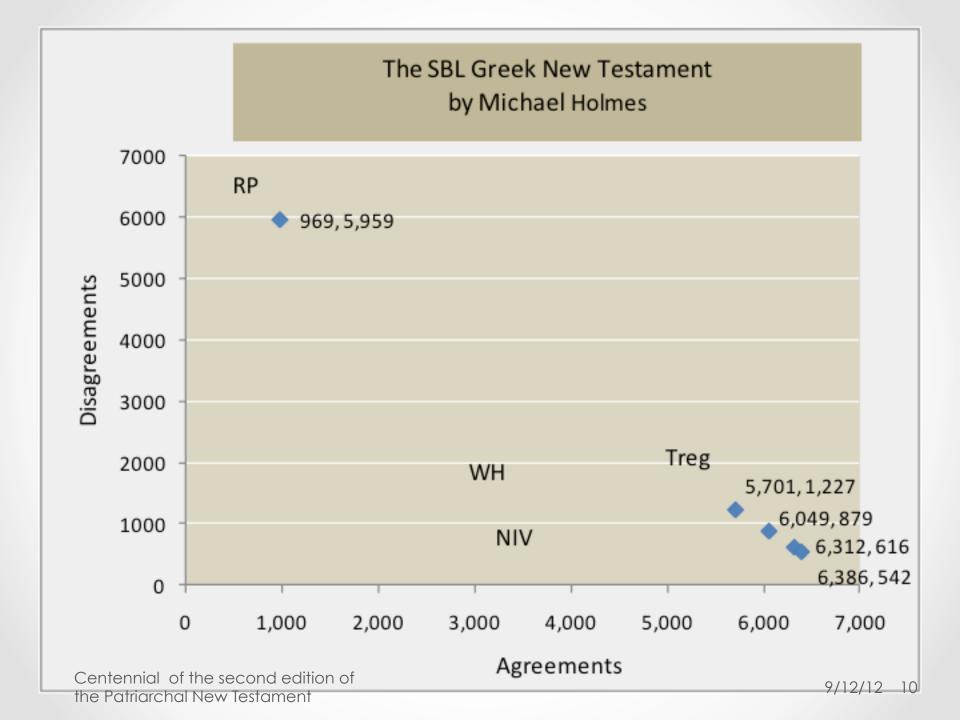
RP & .	Antoniades	Antoniades & TR	
	RP	TR	
MATTHEW	162	150	
MARK	293	176	
LUKE	268	260	
JOHN	117	100	
ACTS	189	125	
PAULINE LETTERS	175	165	
CATHOLIC LETTERS	53	65	
REVELATION	257	959	
	1514	2000	

http://koti.24.fi/jusalak/GreekNT/NTTexts.htm
http://www.cspmt.org/pdf/printed editions/Antoniades-1904-Greek-NT.pdf

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Differences & Similarities





Antoniades' difference in opinion with the Patriarchal Synod

- The pericope of the adulterous woman, John 8:3-11
- the passage on the "three witnesses" I John 5:7,8

Eastern Apathy & Ignorance

- Phænomenal acceptance by Apostoliki Diakonia
 - Variances Exist
 - Elimination of print variances
 - Elimination of footnotes
- Parallel usage of Saliveros Lectionary in Church
- Usage of TR (Trembelas, Soteropoulos et. al)
- Absence of Academic discussion
- Recent cooperation & dependency on the Greek Bible Society
- Extensive usage of the Nestle-Aland text for non Liturgical purposes

Stylianopoulos – footnote on page 5

Currently there are substantial introductions to the New Testament by three Greek biblical scholars: Savas Agouridis, John Karavidopoulos, and John Panagopoulos. ¹¹ The first two, though deferential to traditional positions, follow a style and methodology familiar in international biblical scholarship. The third, by

⁹ For bibliography, see Chapter Five, notes 10 and 11.

¹⁰ See especially Chapter Two, section three; Chapter Six, section four; and Chapter Seven, section four.

¹¹ All are in modern Greek. The introduction by S. Agouridis, Εἰσαγωγὴ εἰς τὴν Καινὴν Διαθήκην, was first published in 1971 and is now in its third edition (᾿Αθῆναι: Ἐκδόσεις Γρηγόρη, 1991). The one by J. Karavidopoulos Εἰσαγωγὴ στὴν Καινὴ Διαθήκη, first appeared in 1983 and was reprinted several years ago (᾿Αθῆναι: Ἐκδόσεις Π. Πουρναρᾶ, 1991). The most recent is by J. Panagopoulos Εἰσαγωγὴ στὴν Καινὴ Διαθήκη (᾿Αθῆναι: Ἐκδόσεις ᾿Ακρίτας, 1995). Older New Testament introductions by Greek biblical scholars include those by Vasileios Ioannidis (1960), Vasileios Antoniadis (1937), and Nicholas Damalas (1876).

Stylianopoulos – footnote on page 137

¹⁷ In the case of the New Testament, the scientific critical text, which has had a long history, is currently edited by Kurt Aland and others, The Greek New Testament (United Bible Societies, 1993, 4th revised edition) and the same text is also published under the title Novum Testamentum Graece (Stuttgart, 1993, Nestle-Aland 27th edition). This text is based primarily on two fourth-century manuscripts, Vaticanus and Sinaiticus. A number of conservative Protestant scholars support an alternative critical text based on the majority of extant, later manuscripts of the New Testament, which derive from the Byzantine tradition. See Maurice A. Robinson and William G. Pierpont, The New Testament in the Original Greek According to the Byzantine/Majority Textform (Atlanta: The Original Word Publishers, 1991) and Zane C. Hodges and Arthur L. Farstad, The Greek New Testament According to the Majority Text (Nashville: Thomas Nelson, 1982). A critical text based on a limited number of Byzantine manuscripts had been previously prepared by the Orthodox biblical scholar Vasilios Antoniadis and published by the Ecumenical Patriarchate of Constantinople in 1912.

No Critical Apparatus

- The assigned object was to recover, insofar as possible, of the oldest ecclesiastically transmitted text, especially that of the Church of Constantinople.
- Minority readings were given.

...no criticism was made of the authority of the text of the MSS. There was

- no transposition,
- no substitution,
- no addition,
- no excision, except in rare cases, and these with sufficient testimony elsewhere. ...

Antoniades, Introduction

Devotional Character/ Liturgical Usage

- Parallel & Antithetical passages in footnotes
- Liturgical Tables

THE BIBLE IS THE BOOK OF THE CHURCH
Liturgical & Devotional
by NATURE & HISTORY

Follows grammatical standards rather than the MSS

- One can not correct some of the errors of the MSS and leave others not corrected.
- Choice of orthography impacts the meaning
- Choice of punctuation reflect syntax as well as oral usage

Continues text is prepared from lectionaries

- Lectionaries contain at the end the omitted text.
- Lectionaries contain less errors in transmission
- Utilization of complete texts as well

Assumed Authority to Saliveros publication based on unnamed TR sources

 Antoniades' lectionary MSS sources are taken from the most reliable areas of the Constantinople's Church Church of Hagia Sophia, Chalke Theological School & Seminary, Chalke Commercial School, Metochi of Holy Sepulchre in Constantinople

Not the better representative MSS than TR

- MSS used in the Church, TR is a Western, not an Orthodox Church document
- Patriarchal text is an ANSWER to TR
- Recent acceptance of Antoniades (Klaus Wachtel, Early Variance in the Byzantine Text of the Gospels, 2006)

Rife – other references

- Colwell (Studies in the Lectionary Text, 82-83)
- Lake (Harvard Theological Review, XXI, 349-357)

There are relevant to Antoniades' text at all

Antoniades' own Conclusions

At the hands of men, and especially since it is a first attempt, this edition will suffer its own peculiar fate. But the Word of God is not bound by human imperfections, "for it is the power of God unto salvation for every one who believes."

Conclusion

- Current availability of MSS used by Antoniades permit further investigation.
- Does the Church have a text?Is this text the Antoniades text?
- Are Antoniades' orthography & punctuation correct?
- Compare & Contrast old Slavonic MSS against Antoniades text

ΚΑΙΝΗ ΔΙΑΘΗΚΗ